

## CALL BY CLEVELAND.

Let Followers of True Democracy Rally.

SAYS VICTORY CAN BE WON.

Ex-President Declares Now Is the Time for Courage.

He Wants "Obsolete Issues" to Be "Manfully Abandoned"—Says the Democratic Platform Should Be "Short, Simple and Courageous"—Tariff Reform Must Be Its Chief Plank—The Growing Unrest Over Republican Rule—The Kind of a Leader Needed.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.—In an article written for the current number of the *Saturday Evening Post* of this city, former President Cleveland exhorts his "rank and file associates" of the Democracy to get together and take advantage of the Presidential opportunities of next November.

"I am one of those," he says, "who believe that there is an opportunity for Democratic success in the coming Presidential election."

"Though attachment to the party in which I am enlisted and the intense desire for its ascendancy make such a belief exceedingly welcome, they certainly do not create it. It is built upon an unshaken and abiding trust in the patriotism and intelligence of my fellow countrymen."

Mr. Cleveland's paper opens with a reiteration of the declaration that he made in the *Saturday Evening Post* more than three years ago:

"Our fighting forces will respond listlessly and fearfully if summoned to a third defeat in a strange cause; but if they hear the rallying call of true Democracy they will gather for battle with old time Democratic enthusiasm and courage."

Referring to his faith in his Democratic associates, he continues: "This trust will not permit me to overlook the meaning of the daily increasing unrest among our people, growing out of the startling and flippant abandonment by the party in power of our national traditions and maxims, its disregard of our national moral restraints, its inconsiderate tendency to set aside national good faith, its willingness to break away from safe and accustomed moorings and its contemptuous neglect of our national mission. Surely these conditions, together with the broken promises and forgotten promises of reform that vex the sight on every side, not only abundantly explain the popular distrust and fear prevailing everywhere in the land, but suggest that in such straits of political weather those of our fellow citizens who thoughtfully and constantly love our free institutions will not be unmindful of such safety and quiet as may be offered them by a patriotic and conservative Democracy."

Mr. Cleveland thinks these conditions justify the assertion of Democracy's opportunity:

"It should be remembered, however, that opportunity may be only distantly related to actual accomplishment, and that it does not of itself, unaided and alone, warrant the expectation of reaching successful results. Beyond all doubt, in reviewing the Democratic situation, the vital question is whether our opportunity shall be so supplemented that it may grow to a confident hope or anticipation of party success. A reassuring answer to this question is contingent upon the patriotism and wisdom of Democratic behavior."

"This is no time for cunning finesse, nor for the use of words that conceal intentions or carry a double meaning. The Democratic party has a message to send to its followers and to the masses of the American people. Let that message be expressed in language easily understood, unconfused by evasion, and untouched by the taint of juggling. Its formulation should be in a careful, thoughtful mood; and those who are best fitted for the work who have the clearest comprehension of the fundamental principles of true Democracy, and are the best able to measure every new incident and condition by Democratic standards. Obsolete issues and questions no longer challenging popular interest should be manfully abandoned, and the presentment of our claims to the people's confidence should be short, simple and courageous."

"Democracy seeks to open to the plain people of our land the freest opportunity and the widest field for the enjoyment of thrift and comfort in their homes. It loves equality of benefits under our chosen institutions, and hates the bestowal of special privileges upon the few at the expense of the many. Therefore, in the message of our party to the people, tariff reform should be demanded; and this demand should be intensified by a situation which plainly discloses the shelter and aid that existing tariff laws afford to huge monopolistic business combinations which menace the sturdiness of our citizenship by closing against the individual the door of independent industrial enterprise."

Mr. Cleveland goes on to plead for economy in the expenditure of public money, and to charge his opponents with having made promises and broken them. He arraigns the Administration's Philippine policy and refers to the Isthmian Canal in these words:

"The Democratic party has been consistent and unflinching in its advocacy of an inter-oceanic canal, and has with the truest satisfaction looked forward to the day when such a highway of commerce, built under the auspices of our Government, would be contributed by America to the world's progress and civilization. It is, nevertheless, not within the mandates of the Democratic creed that, even in consummating so noble an enterprise as this, the territorial rights of any other nation should be disregarded, or that our own national good faith should be subjected to reasonable suspicion."

Mr. Cleveland concludes: "I have already said that my belief in Democratic opportunity is built upon an unshaken and abiding trust in the patriotism and intelligence of my fellow-countrymen."

This is only another way of declaring my conviction that in all temptations, and notwithstanding all wanderings, there is in the mass of our citizenship a sentiment of steadfast devotion to the moral elements underlying our institutions, and that in time of need this sentiment will assert itself and, casting away un-American baubles and disdaining the bribes of selfishness, will restore to its place high in its temple of worship the deity of American patriotism, whose guiding power alone can lead us to noble greatness and whose protecting care alone can save from hurt the virtue and grandeur of our national character.

"I believe the time of need is at hand, and that our countrymen's love of national morality should be invoked; and I believe the American people, conscious of danger, will heed the 'rallying cry of true Democracy' if they are made sure that peace and safety lie in that direction."

"At such a time as this the Democratic party cannot with honor undertake the battle of the people except under a leader that not only represents its best traditions and purposes, but fully realizes what is meant by the tremendous issues of the conflict; and his selection should not depend upon so small a consideration as the locality from whence he comes."

## PLEA OF GUILTY JUST IN TIME.

Manlaughter, First Degree, Instead of Murder, Second Degree, for Mrs. Lupo.

At the psychological moment yesterday afternoon ex-Assistant District Attorney Charles E. LeBarber had his client Mrs. Della Lupo plead guilty to manlaughter in the first degree. She was on trial before Justice Kenebeck in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court and her plea was accepted just as the jury agreed to find her guilty of murder in the second degree. She was on trial for killing her husband in their home, 270 West 40th street, on election day.

The jury began its deliberations shortly before 3 o'clock. The first ballot showed three for murder in the first degree and nine for murder in the second degree. In the next two hours four more ballots were taken. Before the fifth ballot a request was sent to the Court for a ruling.

Just then, however, Mr. LeBarber conferred with the Court and Assistant District Attorney Ely and offered his plea. It was accepted and Mrs. Lupo was brought into court.

The jurors, tired of waiting for a reply to their question, had agreed upon a verdict of murder in the second degree. Before they could rap at the door it was opened and they were summoned into court to hear the woman's plea.

Sentence will be imposed next Wednesday. She may be punished by imprisonment for not more than twenty years.

## THE REV. MR. DORR CONVICTED.

Court Suspends Sentence, However, in the Wife Beating Case.

The Rev. Henry A. Dorr of 205 Driggs avenue, Brooklyn, who was once assistant pastor of Calvary Baptist Church in Manhattan, was convicted of wife beating in the Court of Special Sessions in Brooklyn yesterday morning. Sentence was suspended.

Justice Keedy, in dissenting from the decision of his colleagues, Justice Fleming and Justice Sweeney, said that the Rev. Mr. Dorr ought to be made to pay a fine, at least.

"I am sorry that the Court has suspended sentence," said Justice Keedy. "In my opinion this case is not one for suspended sentence. Some punishment should have been inflicted. He should have been fined, at least."

It was brought out in the proceedings that an action for divorce had been begun in the Supreme Court by Mrs. Dorr. Presiding Justice Fleming thought that the decision of the Court of Special Sessions would be used in the coming action and decided in favor of suspending sentence for that reason.

"The action in this court will have no effect upon the divorce proceedings," said Justice Keedy. "The Supreme Court will immediately strike out any testimony as to what occurred here. The defendant, in my opinion, should be fined."

## TRAIN FALLS 300 FEET.

Baltimore and Ohio Freight Jumps the Track on a 15-Mile Grade.

WHEELING, W. Va., Feb. 17.—A Baltimore and Ohio freight train went over a mountain side to the rocks, 300 feet below, this morning at 7:30 o'clock. The cars jumped the track at Everett tunnel just west of Piedmont. The entire train went over the embankment and was broken up. Fireman E. P. Egan of Westport was killed. Horton Kenney, engineer, of Cumberland jumped and escaped with a broken leg.

The track is badly torn and passenger trains were delayed five days. The company, because of ruins west on the grade, has been building turn out switches to catch them, but the work has not been completed. When the freight train went over the side of the hill after it had jumped the track all the wires were torn down and it was impossible for the officials to get any definite news regarding the wreck.

This is the second bad accident that has happened on the seventeen-mile grade in the last few months. A short time ago a heavy train went down the hill and ran away. A fireman and four others who were on it were killed. Hundreds of tons of merchandise was scattered over the hillside. The engineer, Michael Gibbons, is in the hospital at Keyser, suffering from the wounds he received in this wreck, and for a long time it was thought that he would not recover.

The place at which these wrecks have occurred is one of the most dangerous on the Baltimore and Ohio system. On one side there is a sheer descent into the valley, in many places of hundreds of feet, and when the hill over there it is usually reduced to kindling wood.

## Three Women in the New Batch of Lawyers.

The New York bar has been augmented by the admission of ninety-one new attorneys as the result of the January examinations. Among the successful candidates were three women, Miss Adeline H. Burd, Miss Anna Vache Bolte and Miss Rosalie C. Bodine. One of the men was William R. Haughey, son of the ex-episcopal bishop.

Pinchurst, N. C., Special via Southern Ry. Leave New York Daily, except Sunday, 12:30 P. M. Pinchurst, N. C., via Southern Ry. Leave New York Daily, except Sunday, 12:30 P. M. Pinchurst, N. C., via Southern Ry. Leave New York Daily, except Sunday, 12:30 P. M.

## THIS PORT ABOUT FROZEN UP.

ICE MASSSED ON A LEE SHORE VLADIVOSTOKS BROOKLYN.

Atlantic Basin Solid, Ships and All—Cargo Sild Over the Ice—Water Boats Can't Reach Ships—Tugs in Hospital—Ice Dynamiters Made Much of the Mischief.

Under the impression that the "January thaw," which in recent years has become a mere memory, being generally postponed on account of the weather, had really got here, two powerful tugs went up the Hudson several days ago to break out a couple of barges that had been frozen in near Tarrytown and Rockland Lake, and, incidentally, to try to open up river navigation.

The venturesome skippers found the barges surrounded by ice varying in thickness from a foot to two feet, and they used dynamite to open a channel.

Before they were half through with their work the cold wave was on them and they turned tail for New York.

They had let loose a mighty lot of flinty freshwater floes, which arrived here in force on Tuesday morning, tying up commercial navigation from Fort Hamilton to the entrance of the East River and practically stopping all the work of docking steamships on the Brooklyn waterfront.

Only one incoming freighter, the Harbison, from Yokohama, was warped into berth there yesterday. She looked like an Arctic cruiser, her sides being invisible under a thick mask of ice and her deck heavy with tons of frozen spray. Three of the Mutual company's tugs, the Ferguson, Mutual and Timmins, spent five hours smashing the ice at Pier 32, Union Stores, before they cleared the way for the freighter. Ordinarily it would cost her about \$20 to dock; this time the price was \$180.

Seven towboats and a fleet of lighters went into action last night just before the big invasion of ice. The tugs were to help cut out the bottled up freight steamships, and the lighters carried in cargo for them. When skippers awoke yesterday morning they found that the basin was frozen over. No craft could get in or out. Skippers walked across the ice and visited one another, swapping condolences. Never before, they said, had they been able to do this.

The lightermen, finding that the ice was heavy enough to bear a ship's crew or more, began cutting a way for the tug and sliding it over to the immovable steamships to which it had been consigned. For the first time in its history the Basin saw freight sailing aboard ship directly from the ice.

The Bush Terminal Company, which has control of a long line of big docks in South Brooklyn, has a fleet of tugboats and lighters to their own, including the big seagoing tug, the *Independence*, which broke her propeller on Monday, but got a new one in time to go to work again yesterday, to try to clear a way for the several tugs that were stuck in the neighborhood of Forty-second street. The Scandinavian-American steamship, *Oscar II*, scheduled to sail for Copenhagen yesterday, was delayed until this morning. It was said that she might get out this morning.

More than 30 per cent. of the tugboats of the harbor are laid up in ice. The tugboats, damaged steering gear or leaking hulls. Within the last two weeks forty New York Central tugs, many towing the big cargo boats, were stuck in the ice. The tugboats of the New York Central, which broke her propeller on Monday, but got a new one in time to go to work again yesterday, to try to clear a way for the several tugs that were stuck in the neighborhood of Forty-second street.

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## WE SHELL DOMINICAN TOWN?

Porto Rican Report That Marines Were Landed Near the Capital.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. SAN JUAN, P. R., Feb. 17.—A private message received here to-day from Santo Domingo says an American warship bombarded the Dominican insurgents at Pajarito near the capital, and then landed marines. They were subsequently withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Surprise is expressed here at the report of the bombardment of Dominicans by an American warship, as no orders for such an attack have been issued.

## BORN IN A SLEEPING CAR.

A Boston Woman Gives Birth to a Child on a Train Near Stamford.

STAMFORD, Conn., Feb. 17.—A Boston woman, whose name was carefully guarded by her friends, gave birth to a child this morning, aboard the eastbound Washington Express, just as it was pulling out of Stamford station about 2 o'clock. "The child died soon after it was born."

The train is due here at 1:42 A. M. and left Washington at 5 P. M. yesterday. The Boston woman had a section in one of the sleeping cars and was with some women friends. Soon after the train left Harlem River the woman was taken ill. She informed the conductor and inquired if it was possible to obtain a physician on the train. The conductor stopped the train at New Rochelle, and telephoned to Dr. Henry P. Geib of this city, to meet it at the Stamford station. He also told Dr. Geib what to expect.

The train was late, not arriving here until after 2. As soon as Dr. Geib got aboard he was taken to the woman's apartment. Just as the train was leaving the station the birth occurred. Dr. Geib continued on the train to New Haven. When he left the woman was resting comfortably. She is said to be of social prominence in Boston. The friends on the train would not give out her name and Dr. Geib said he did not learn it.

## WOMAN WITH ROGUS CHECK.

Mrs. M. J. Jamieson Charged With Swindling a Bank in Richmond, Va.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 17.—Locked in a cell at the police station here, Mrs. M. J. Jamieson must face the charge of defrauding the American National Bank of this city. She is less than 30 years old, and is said to have appeared in Richmond from Washington on Monday, charged that night to Norfolk. She returned here on Tuesday, and, according to the charge, deposited at the local bank a draft for \$5,000 on the First National Bank of Roanoke, thereafter drawing and having cashed a check for \$50.

The Richmond bank, it is charged, communicated with Roanoke and discovered that the check was worthless. Soon thereafter Mrs. Jamieson was found in a dry goods store, where she had presented a check for \$50 on the American National Bank, and the bank had cashed it. No attempt was made to secure her.

Mrs. Jamieson, it is said, was a Miss Dill of Philadelphia, in which city her mother now resides. She is said to be the wife of a son of a former treasurer of the Norfolk and Western Railroad.

Mrs. Jamieson can give no connected account of herself and her mind seems to be impaired. She is said to be well known in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

## SHOT BY A BALLOONIST.

Eugene Stafford Kills Maynor Trussell, Found in Mrs. Stafford's Room.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—Eugene L. Stafford, a balloonist and parachute jumper who had several thrilling escapes from death at Revere Beach last summer, shot and killed Maynor B. Trussell, who was formerly in the balloon business with him, in Mrs. Stafford's room, on West Springfield street, this noon. Stafford chased his wife when she came to a late hour, and he escaped by running into another dwelling. The murderer showed the revolver back in his pocket and walked away. He had a revolver in his pocket up to a late hour last night. The Staffords have not lived together for about fifteen months, and since their separation Stafford and Trussell have had trouble over Mrs. Stafford. The police have a record of Stafford making an assault on Trussell some time ago.

This noon Trussell was sitting in a chair in Mrs. Stafford's room talking with her when Stafford entered the room and saw his wife and she says that on finding Trussell with her he drew a revolver and fired it. Trussell was hit in the head. Mrs. Stafford fled. The wounded man crept downstairs to the bathroom, where the police found him dead.

Trussell, Stafford and Mrs. Stafford used to go through the country making ascensions as a country fair. Several balloons were owned by Trussell. The men had a quarrel in 1902. The woman says that her husband imagined she was untrue to him. The dead body of the young man had been employed as a motorman since last summer. Stafford is 30 years old and his wife 27.

## LAWYER DISBARRED.

George W. Carey, Guilty of Embezzlement, Dismissed From His Profession.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 17.—Attorney George W. Carey, ex-president of the Union of Epworth Leagues covering the New York East Conference, was disbarred to-day as a lawyer, having been found guilty of embezzlement. Carey, at a recent hearing before the grievance committee of the Fairfield county bar, admitted that he had dissipated the funds of several estates intrusted to his care. His defense against the charges of unprofessional conduct were that his acts were done as a layman and not as a lawyer.

Judge William L. Elmer handed down a paper disbaring Carey. In his decision Judge Elmer severely rebuked Carey. It is likely that Carey will be prosecuted for the embezzlement.

The Fuller, West street, Hamilton and Atlantic avenue ferryboats were from twenty minutes to an hour cutting a way into their Brooklyn slips with the assistance of the tugboats. One tug from Hamilton and Atlantic avenue ferryboat, got his dinner and returned in time to take the same boat that had taken him to Brooklyn. She had been able to leave her slip, and was crowded with passengers. The uncertainty of ferry traffic caused thousands to go far out of their way to cross the river by the bridges.

## HALF MILLION LOST AT FARO.

BY A "DRUNKEN KID" WITH A SHORT-CARD MAN DEALING.

Jerome Tells a Senate Committee This Happened Here "Give Me This Statute and I'll Close Every Big Gambling House in New York." He Promises.

ALBANY, Feb. 17.—"Give me this statute and the cooperation of Commissioner McAdoo, which I now have, and I will close every big gambling house in New York."

That statement was made to the Senate Codes Committee this afternoon by District Attorney Jerome in a hearing on a proposed amendment to the penal code to compel young men to testify in gambling cases. He also made another statement, which was equally sensational. He said:

"I want a statute of this kind to reach the big gambling houses. The kind that I want to get after is one where in five out of seven nights' play at faro, with one of the best short card dealers in the country dealing, a half drunken kid lost \$405,000."

The fact that such an amount of money had been lost in a New York City gambling house caused all who heard it to pick up their ears and listen in breathless amazement, with the hope that he would give further particulars, but he did not. The newspaper men crowded around him later and pressed him for information, but he declined to give it, saying:

"It happened in New York not so long ago, and I know all about it. I have all the evidence in the matter; but I don't think I had better give out anything about it just at present."

He, however, permitted the inference to be drawn that the money was lost in play at Canfield's.

Mr. Jerome's appearance in Albany was to explain to the Senate Codes Committee why he had caused Senator Dowling to introduce an amendment to the Penal Code so as to overcome the adverse decision of the Court of Appeals in the Lewisohn case. It was said that Senator Brackett had asked that the District Attorney appear before the committee and make an explanation of what he wanted to accomplish. Senator Brackett, who was chairman of the committee, said that the Senator was an interested listener to what the District Attorney had to say, and he was the only one here from Senator Elberg, chairman of the committee, who had any questions to ask.

Mr. Jerome said that such a statute was necessary and was in accordance with a ruling of the United States Supreme Court. He declared that it was unnecessary in order to get evidence against the little games on the East Side, but was absolutely necessary to get the evidence against the big fellows.

"I want to suppress the larger places, and you can't do it without such a statute. A policeman can't get inside their doors, and a private detective would not be believed. Gambling in itself may not be so wrong, but there is one thing in connection with it that I do not like, and that is the way the rich people think they can outwit the law, and the way the poor people think they can outwit the law, while the little fellows are arrested, fined and sentenced for conducting gambling places. But in order to get this evidence as to the law is now it is necessary to spend a large amount of money. Why, it cost me \$2,000 to get the evidence against Canfield and East and then you do not know whether you can get a conviction. But with such a statute as I ask you to give me I will get the big fellows."

The patrons of these places are merchants, brokers and men from the West. They will not patronize the place if they think they are in danger of having a subpoena served on them for their appearance as a witness in court against the man who runs the place. And if they are compelled to testify, as this statute would compel them, then the conviction would come because there isn't one of them who would commit perjury. And then if they thought there was danger of being called in as a witness, why they would keep them away, and the business would stop gambling."

Senator Brackett, talking at Mr. Jerome, said:

"We will concede that a man who conducts a gambling house is guilty of a felony and not entitled to much consideration, but what are your views concerning a young fellow who goes to a gambling house thinking that he cannot be compelled to testify? Don't you think this law would impose a hardship upon him?"

"Well," rejoined the District Attorney, "your views and mine on gambling may be different, but a man knows when he goes to gamble that he is committing a felony and, therefore, doesn't deserve any consideration."

The committee went into executive session, but did not report the bill. Senator Dowling thinks he may be able to have it reported next week.

Mr. Jerome called on Gov. Odell and shook hands with him. He said he didn't discuss Sunday opening with the Governor. When the District Attorney's attention was called to the utterances of the Governor on Sunday opening in New York city, he said:

"Yes, every one admits you can get a drink in New York city on Sunday now. What we want, though, is to have a law that will permit a man to get a drink when he wants it. The present law encourages debauchery and bribery, and as Brooklyn is a city of 250,000 people, we are needed to give the Health, Building and Police departments in New York city more power so they can close up the Rialtes law hotels, now having at least 100,000 people. These departments could close every Rialtes law hotel in the city if they saw fit to-morrow. So could the special agents of the State Excise Department."

## FIREBUGS IN TENEMENTS.

In Two Buildings the Gas Fixtures Had Been Torn Away.

The police say that fires which started in two five-story tenements at 855 and at 861 Ninth avenue yesterday morning were incendiary. Twenty families live in each of them.

The fire at 861 was discovered by William O'Connell, who smelled smoke coming from the rear of the first floor and went to investigate. Under the stairs he found a baby carriage filled with shavings and paper soaked with kerosene, which was ablaze. O'Connell wheeled the carriage out into the street and then put an end to the fire. It was found later that the fixtures had been torn from the gas pipes on the fourth floor.

Under a similar condition of affairs was found. The gas brackets had been broken off on the first and second floors. The escaping gas had been lighted and the flames had spread to the wood work.

## NEAR EASTERN WAR AT HAND.

Turkey Issues a Note to the Powers Threatening Bulgaria.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—It was learned here to-day that taking advantage of Russia's embarrassment, Turkey has sent a note to the signatory Powers of the Berlin Treaty accusing Bulgaria of actively assisting the Macedonian insurgents, and indicating that unless it is stopped she will herself take action against Bulgaria.

Such action would set the Balkans aflame and lead to a near Eastern war which Europe has long dreaded and the consequences of which, to Russia especially, it is impossible to foresee.

## TURKS UNDER SIEGE.

Albanian Insurgents Have 2,500 Troops Penned Up Without Supplies.

SALONICA, Feb. 17.—Two thousand Albanians are besieging Shesma Pacha, with 2,500 troops, at Babahoshi. The Turks have neither provisions nor water. They have already lost 100 men. Large reinforcements are proceeding to their aid.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 16 (delayed).—The Albanian revolt in Djakova is becoming serious. The insurgents number 16,000. They have burned several houses and have repulsed the troops of Shesma Pacha.

The rebels plundered the town of Djakova last Saturday.

## NEW YORK'S WOMEN DRINKERS.

Boston Club Women Shocked Over the Report That They Are to Have a Bar.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—The report that a woman's hotel in New York is going to have a bar has shocked Boston, and when the mothers of the Boston Metaphysical Club assembled this morning in the clubrooms New York women and their fads were hauled over the coals.

"The idea is disgusting and shocking," said Miss Helen Kingsley, assistant secretary of the club, "and I think that other Boston women will agree with me. I have noticed that the women in New York drink a great deal. My attention was first called to this after a trip to Kentucky, and, by the way, I did not see any one of our sex drinking there. But in New York it was decidedly noticeable. We went into a restaurant, a fashionable place, too, and nearly every woman was drinking."

Other members admitted that the statement made by the New York drug store near the hotel that there were a large number of corset boxes smuggled into the hotel looked suspicious. They would like to know if the boxes were carried on end or if they had a gurgler.